

Revision Date: 03/06/2020

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier: POWERMIGHT POWER WHITE GREASE

Other means of identification

SDS number: RE1000043524

Recommended restrictions
Product use: Lubricant

Restrictions on use: Not known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information

Manufacturer

Company Name: SIGNAL FLUID SOLUTIONS, INC.

Address: 3403 NIKI WAY

RIVERSIDE, CA 92507

Telephone: 951-784-3900

Fax:

Emergency telephone number: 1-866-836-8855

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Physical Hazards

Flammable aerosol Category 1

Health Hazards

Aspiration Hazard Category 1

Environmental Hazards

Acute hazards to the aquatic Category 2

environment

Chronic hazards to the aquatic Category 2

environment

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement: Extremely flammable aerosol.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid release to the

environment.

Response: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor Do NOT

induce vomiting. Collect spillage.

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding

50°C/122°F. Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal

facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product

characteristics at time of disposal.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	25 - <50%
Propane	74-98-6	10 - <20%
Heptane, branched, cyclic and linear	426260-76-6	2.5 - <5%
Heptane	142-82-5	1 - <5%
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	1 - <5%
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	64742-89-8	1 - <5%
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	13463-67-7	1 - <5%

^{*} All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Ingestion: Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never

give liquid to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so

that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Inhalation: Move to fresh air.

Skin Contact: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention.

Eye contact: Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with

water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical advice/attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms: No data available.

Hazards: No data available.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: No data available.



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

5. Fire-fighting measures

General Fire Hazards: Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fight fire from a

protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without

risk.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical:

Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash

back.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Special fire fighting

procedures:

No data available.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters:

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in

enclosed spaces, SCBA.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep

upwind.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning

up:

Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container

for chemical waste.

Notification Procedures: Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop

the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you

can do so without risk.

Environmental Precautions: Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or

spillage if safe to do so. Avoid release to the environment.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition

source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Conditions for safe storage,

including any incompatibilities:

Store locked up. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after

use. Aerosol Level 2



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	REL	100 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
hydrottesta ng.n. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light - Non-aerosol as total hydrocarbon vapor	TWA	200 mg/m3	B US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	200 mg/m3	
Propane	REL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	
	PEL	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated ight	PEL	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	1910.1000) (03 2016)
	REL	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	
	TWA	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	REL	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	, , ,
	TWA	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	
	PEL	100 ppm 400 mg/m3	1910.1000) (03 2016)
Heptane	TWA	400 ppm 1,600 mg/m3	
	REL	85 ppm 350 mg/m3	
	PEL	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	
	TWA	400 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)
	STEL	500 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012)
	Ceil_Time	440 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Titanium oxide (TiO2) - Total dust.	TWA	10 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	PEL	15 mg/m3	1910.1000) (02 2006)
Titanium oxide (TiO2) - Respirable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	B US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)
	TWA	15 millions o particles pe cubic foot o ai	r f
Titanium oxide (TiO2) - Total dust.	TWA	15 mg/m3	
Thailian Shao (1102) Total dasi.	TWA	50 millions o particles pe cubic foot o ai	f US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (03 2016)
Benzene, methyl-	STEL	150 ppm 560 mg/m3	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	REL	100 ppm 375 mg/m3	
	TWA	100 ppm 375 mg/m3	
	Ceiling	300 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	20 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	TWA	200 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	MAX. CONC	500 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	150 ppm 560 mg/m3	
Benzene	REL	0.1 ppm	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	TWA	1 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	Ceiling	25 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	0.5 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	2.5 ppm	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	STEL	5 ppm	US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	OSHA_A CT	0.5 ppm	US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	TWA	10 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	MAX. CONC	50 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	5 ppm	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	1 ppm	US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053) (02 2006)
	STEL	1 ppm	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	REL	50 ppm 245 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

	TWA	50 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2008)
	PEL	50 ppm	245 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	50 ppm	245 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	1 ppm		US. ACGIH Notice of Intended Changes (NIC) to Threshold Limit Values (03 2018)
Benzene, ethyl-	STEL	125 ppm	545 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	REL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005)
	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	STEL	125 ppm	545 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	20 ppm	•	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010)

Biological Limit Values

Chemical Identity	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Benzene, methyl- (toluene: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.03 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene, methyl- (o-Cresol, with hydrolysis: Sampling time: End of shift.)	0.3 mg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene, methyl- (toluene: Sampling time: Prior to last shift of work week.)	0.02 mg/l (Blood)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene (S-Phenylmercapturic acid: Sampling time: End of shift.)	25 μg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene (t,t-Muconic acid: Sampling time: End of shift.)	500 μg/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (03 2013)
Benzene, ethyl- (Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid: Sampling	0.15 g/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEL (02 2014)
time: End of shift.)		

Appropriate Engineering

Controls

No data available.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information: Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used.

Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Supplementary local exhaust ventilation, closed systems, or respiratory and eye protection may be needed in special circumstances, such as poorly ventilated spaces, heating, evaporation of liquids from large surfaces, spraying of mists,

mechanical generation of dusts, drying of solids, etc.

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin Protection

Hand Protection: No data available.

Other: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from

local supervisor.

Hygiene measures: Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using do not smoke.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: liquid
Form: Aerosols
Color: White

Odor:

Odor threshold:

No data available.

Flash Point: -104.4 °C

Evaporation rate:No data available. **Flammability (solid, gas):**No data available.



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - upper (%):

Flammability limit - lower (%):

Explosive limit - upper (%):

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

Vapor pressure: 4,826 - 6,205 hPa (20 °C)

Vapor density:No data available.Density:No data available.Relative density:No data available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water:
Solubility (other):
No data available.
Viscosity:
No data available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No data available.

Chemical Stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions:

No data available.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid heat or contamination.

Incompatible Materials: No data available.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

No data available.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation: No data available.

Skin Contact: No data available.

Eye contact: No data available.

Ingestion: No data available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No data available.

Skin Contact: No data available.

Eye contact: No data available.

Ingestion: No data available.



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum),

LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

hydrotreated light

Heptane, branched,

LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg

cyclic and linear

Heptane Naphtha (petroleum), LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

hydrotreated light

Solvent naphtha

LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

(petroleum), light aliph. Titanium oxide (TiO2)

LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Dermal

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum),

LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

hydrotreated light Heptane, branched,

LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg

cyclic and linear

Heptane LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Naphtha (petroleum), LD 50 (Rabbit): > 3,750 mg/kg

hydrotreated light

Solvent naphtha LD 50 (Rabbit): > 3,000 mg/kg

(petroleum), light aliph.

Titanium oxide (TiO2) LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Product: Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

Heptane, branched,

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Distillates (petroleum),} & LC \ 50: > 5 \ \mbox{mg/l} \\ \mbox{hydrotreated light} & LC \ 50: > 20 \ \mbox{mg/l} \\ \mbox{Propane} & LC \ 50: > 100 \ \mbox{mg/l} \\ \end{array}$

LC 50: > 100 mg/l LC 50: > 20 mg/l

cyclic and linear LC 50: > 5 mg/l

Heptane LC 50 (Rat): > 29.29 mg/l LC 50: > 100 mg/l

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light LC 50 (Rat): > 7,630 mg/m3

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): >= 24 mg/m3 Inhalation

hydrotreated light Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female), Oral, 70 - 147 d): 750 mg/kg Oral Experimental result,

Key study

Propane NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

Heptane NOAEL (Rat(Male), Inhalation): 12,470 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental

result, Key study

SDS_US - RE1000043524



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 13 Weeks): 1,250 mg/kg Oral Readacross based on grouping of substances (category approach), Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Dermal, 28 d): > 375 mg/kg Dermal

Experimental result, Supporting study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 10,000 mg/m3 Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.

NOAEL (Mouse, Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 107 - 113 Weeks): 1,402

mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Dermal, 5 - 28 d): 3,750 mg/kg Dermal

Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Dermal, 28 d): > 375 mg/kg Dermal

Experimental result, Supporting study

Titanium oxide (TiO2) NOAEL (Rat(Male), Oral, 29 d): 24,000 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key

study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 50 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental

result, Key study

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Product:

No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum),

in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

hydrotreated light Heptane

in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Read-across based on grouping of substances

(category approach), Key study

Titanium oxide (TiO2) in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

hydrotreated light

Heptane Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating Naphtha (petroleum), Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

hydrotreated light

Solvent naphtha Rabbit: Not irritating

(petroleum), light aliph.

Titanium oxide (TiO2) Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

hydrotreated light

Heptane Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising Naphtha (petroleum), Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

hydrotreated light

Solvent naphtha Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

(petroleum), light aliph.

Titanium oxide (TiO2) Skin sensitization:, in vivo/in vitro (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Carcinogenicity

Product: No data available.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

No carcinogenic components identified

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified

SDS_US - RE1000043524 8/14



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro

Product: No data available.

In vivo

No data available. Product:

Reproductive toxicity

Product: No data available. Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure **Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Heptane Narcotic effect. - Category 3 with narcotic effects.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Product: No data available.

Aspiration Hazard

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum),

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

hydrotreated light

Heptane, branched, cyclic

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

and linear

Heptane Naphtha (petroleum), May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

hydrotreated light Solvent naphtha

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

(petroleum), light aliph.

Other effects: No data available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study Propane

Heptane LC 50 (Mozambique tilapia (Tilapia mossambica), 96 h): 375 mg/l Mortality

Naphtha (petroleum),

LC 50 (96 h): 8.41 mg/l Experimental result, Key study hydrotreated light

Titanium oxide (TiO2) LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): > 100 mg/l Experimental result, Weight

of Evidence study

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Heptane EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 4.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Solvent naphtha

EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 32 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting

(petroleum), light aliph.

Titanium oxide (TiO2) LC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): > 100 mg/l Experimental result, Weight of

Evidence study

SDS US - RE1000043524 9/14



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 0.098 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Heptane

NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 1.284 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 10 mg/l Other, Key study NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2.6 mg/l Other, Key study

Aquatic Invertebrates

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Heptane, branched. cyclic and linear Heptane

NOEC: < 1 mg/l estimation

NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 0.17 mg/l Read-across based on grouping of

substances (category approach), Key study

EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 0.23 mg/l Read-across based on grouping of

substances (category approach), Key study

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph. EC 50 (Daphnia magna): 10 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 2.6 mg/l Experimental result, Key study EC 50 (Daphnia magna): > 40 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Titanium oxide (TiO2)

NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 100 mg/l Experimental result, Supporting study

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants

Product: No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

Biodegradation

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

61 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study

Propane

100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study 50 % (3.19 d) Detected in water. QSAR, Weight of Evidence study

Heptane Naphtha (petroleum), 70 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study 90.35 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study

hydrotreated light Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.

90.35 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study

BOD/COD Ratio

Product: No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Heptane Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 552 Aquatic sediment Estimated by

calculation, Key study

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 10 - 2,500 Aquatic sediment Estimated by

calculation, Key study

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.

Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 10 - 2,500 Aquatic sediment Estimated by

calculation, Key study

Titanium oxide (TiO2) Oncorhynchus mykiss, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 34 - 352 Aquatic

sediment Experimental result, Key study

SDS US - RE1000043524

10/14



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light Log Kow: > 2.4 - < 5.7 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study Log Kow: 2.2 - 5.2 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study Log Kow: 2.2 - 6.1 23 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
Propane
Heptane, branched, cyclic and linear
Heptane
No data available.

Other adverse effects: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

Contaminated Packaging: No data available.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN Number: UN 1950

UN Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: 2.1
Label(s): –
Packing Group: II
Marine Pollutant: No

Environmental Hazards: No Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

IMDG

UN Number: UN 1950

UN Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: 2 Label(s): –

EmS No.: F-D, S-U

Packing Group: -

Environmental Hazards: Yes Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

12/14

IATA

UN Number: UN 1950

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es):

Class: 2.1
Label(s): –

Packing Group: –

Environmental Hazards: Yes Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated. Cargo aircraft only: Allowed.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

Restrictions on use: Not known.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

<u>Chemical Identity</u> <u>OSHA hazard(s)</u>

Benzene Flammability

Cancer Aspiration Eye Blood Skin

respiratory tract irritation Central nervous system

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical IdentityReportable quantityPropanelbs. 100Heptanelbs. 100

Benzene, methyl- lbs. 1000
Benzene lbs. 10
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- lbs. 5000
Benzene, ethyl- lbs. 1000

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Fire Hazard

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards

Flammable aerosol Aspiration Hazard

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

<u>Chemical Identity</u> <u>Reportable quantity</u> <u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u>

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification Chemical Identity

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	
Propane	lbs. 100
Heptane	lbs. 100
Benzene, methyl-	lbs. 1000
Benzene	lbs. 10
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	lbs. 5000
Benzene, ethyl-	lbs. 1000

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

Chemical Identity	Threshold Planning Quantity
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10000 lbs
Propane	10000 lbs
Heptane, branched, cyclic and linear	10000 lbs
Heptane	10000 lbs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10000 lbs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.	10000 lbs
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	10000 lbs
Benzene, methyl-	10000 lbs
Benzene	10000 lbs
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	10000 lbs
Benzene, ethyl-	10000 lbs

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Titanium oxide (TiO2)

Benzene, methyl
Benzene

Developmental toxin. 03 2008

Developmental toxin. 03 2008

Developmental toxin. 03 2008

Carcinogenic. 05 2011

Benzene Male reproductive toxin. 03 2008

Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- Carcinogenic. 05 2011 Benzene, ethyl- Carcinogenic. 05 2011

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act Chemical Identity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Propane

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.

Heptane

Titanium oxide (TiO2)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List Chemical Identity

Benzene



Revision Date: 03/06/2020

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances Chemical Identity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Propane

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.

Heptane

Titanium oxide (TiO2)

US. Rhode Island RTK

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

International regulations

Montreal protocol

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Stockholm convention

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Rotterdam convention

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Kyoto protocol

Inventory Status:

Australia AICS: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Canada DSL Inventory List: On or in compliance with the inventory

EINECS, ELINCS or NLP: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Japan (ENCS) List: Not in compliance with the inventory.

China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI): Not in compliance with the inventory.

Canada NDSL Inventory: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Philippines PICCS: On or in compliance with the inventory

US TSCA Inventory: On or in compliance with the inventory

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Japan ISHL Listing: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Mexico INSQ: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Ontario Inventory: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:

On or in compliance with the inventory

16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue Date: 03/06/2020

Revision Information: No data available.

Version #: 1.0

Further Information: No data available.

Disclaimer: This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to

be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.