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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Identification

Product identifier: Mighty MP Penetrating Lubricant

Other means of identification

**SDS number:** RE1000043724

Recommended restrictions
Product use: Lubricant

Restrictions on use: Not known.

#### Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor Information

#### Manufacturer

Company Name: SIGNAL FLUID SOLUTIONS, INC.

Address: 3403 NIKI WAY

RIVERSIDE, CA 92507

Telephone: 951-784-3900

Fax:

Emergency telephone number: 1-866-836-8855

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### **Hazard Classification**

**Physical Hazards** 

Flammable aerosol Category 1

**Health Hazards** 

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A
Aspiration Hazard Category 1

#### **Label Elements**

#### **Hazard Symbol:**



Signal Word: Danger

**Hazard Statement:** Extremely flammable aerosol.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary Statements

**Prevention:** Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.



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**Response:** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/doctor Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding

50°C/122°F. Store locked up.

**Disposal:** Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal

facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product

characteristics at time of disposal.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):

None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	20 - <50%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	20 - <50%
Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	112-34-5	10 - <20%
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	64741-65-7	5 - <10%
Propane	74-98-6	5 - <10%
Butane	106-97-8	5 - <10%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	1 - <5%

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### 4. First-aid measures

**Ingestion:** Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never

give liquid to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so

that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air.

**Skin Contact:** Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

**Eye contact:** Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do,

remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.

# Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

**Symptoms:** No data available.

**Hazards:** No data available.

# Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment:** No data available.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

**General Fire Hazards:** Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fight fire from a

protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without

risk.

# Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.



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Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical:

Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash

back.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

**Special fire fighting** 

procedures:

No data available.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters:

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in

enclosed spaces, SCBA.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep

upwind.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning

up:

Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container

for chemical waste.

Notification Procedures: Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop

the flow of material, if this is without risk. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you

can do so without risk.

**Environmental Precautions:** Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or

spillage if safe to do so.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away

from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not

pierce or burn, even after use.

Conditions for safe storage,

including any incompatibilities:

Store locked up. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after

use. Aerosol Level 3

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control Parameters**

**Occupational Exposure Limits** 

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values	Source
White mineral oil (petroleum) - Mist.	REL	5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	PEL	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
White mineral oil (petroleum) - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (01 2010)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle - Mist.	PEL	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
	REL	5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)



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	STEL		10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as
	TWA		5 mg/m3	amended (2005) US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended
B: (3) ( ) ( )			•	(1989)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle - Inhalable fraction.	TWA		5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (03 2014)
Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy) Inhalable fraction and vapor.	TWA	10 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (03 2013)
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	PEL	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
	TWA	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
	REL	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2010)
Propane	REL	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	PEL	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
	TWA	1,000 ppm	1,800 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
Butane	REL	800 ppm	1,900 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	STEL	1,000 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (03 2018)
	TWA	800 ppm	1,900 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	TWA		1,600 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
	PEL	500 ppm	2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic - Mist.	REL		5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	STEL		10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	PEL		5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
	TWA		5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Ceil_Ti me		1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2010)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic - Inhalable fraction.	TWA		5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (03 2014)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	REL		350 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2010)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	TWA	400 ppm	1,600 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
	PEL	500 ppm	2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic - Mist.	REL		5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	TWA		5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
	STEL		10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	PEL		5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic - Inhalable fraction.	TWA		5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (01 2010)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	REL		350 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2010)
	Ceil_Ti me		1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2010)
Molybdenum sulfide (MoS2) - Respirable fraction as Mo	TWA		3 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (2009)
Molybdenum sulfide (MoS2) - Inhalable fraction as Mo	TWA		10 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (2009)



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Molybdenum sulfide (MoS2) - Total dust as Mo	PEL	15 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
Total dust. as we	TWA	10 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	TWA	400 ppm 1,600 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
	PEL	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic - Mist.	REL	5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	STEL	10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	PEL	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (03 2014)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Ceil_Ti me	1,800 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2010)
	REL	350 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2010)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic - Mist.	STEL	10 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	REL	5 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended (2005)
	PEL	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (02 2006)
	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended (1989)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic - Inhalable fraction.	TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended (01 2010)

Appropriate Engineering Controls

No data available.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**General information:** Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities. Good general

ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation

rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable

level.

**Eye/face protection:** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin Protection** 

**Hand Protection:** No data available.

Other: Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory Protection:** In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from

local supervisor.

**Hygiene measures:** Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid contact with eyes. When

using do not smoke.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state: liquid



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Form: Spray Aerosol Color: No data available. Odor: No data available. **Odor threshold:** No data available. Estimated 6 - 7 pH: Melting point/freezing point: No data available. Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available. Flash Point: -104.44 °C

**Evaporation rate:**No data available. **Flammability (solid, gas):**No data available.

Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - upper (%): Estimated 10.9 %(V)
Flammability limit - lower (%): Estimated 0.9 %(V)
Explosive limit - upper (%): No data available.
Explosive limit - lower (%): No data available.

**Vapor pressure:** 2,068 - 3,447 hPa (20 °C)

Vapor density:No data available.Density:Estimated 0.781 g/cm3Relative density:No data available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water:
Solubility (other):
No data available.
Viscosity:
No data available.
No data available.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity:** No data available.

Chemical Stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions:

No data available.

**Conditions to avoid:** Avoid heat or contamination.

**Incompatible Materials:** No data available.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products:** 

No data available.

# 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation:** No data available.

**Skin Contact:** No data available.

**Eye contact:** No data available.

**Ingestion:** No data available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Inhalation: No data available.

**Skin Contact:** No data available.

Eye contact: No data available.

No data available. Ingestion:

# Information on toxicological effects

# Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

Oral

**Product:** Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)

LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Distillates (petroleum),

hydrotreated middle

LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Ethanol, 2-(2butoxyethoxy)- LD 50 (Mouse): 2,410 mg/kg

Naphtha (petroleum),

heavy alkylate

LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

naphthenic

LD 50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

**Dermal** 

**Product:** Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)

LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Distillates (petroleum),

hydrotreated middle

LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Ethanol, 2-(2butoxyethoxy)- LD 50 (Rabbit): 2,764 mg/kg

Naphtha (petroleum),

heavy alkylate

LD 50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

naphthenic

LD 50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Inhalation

**Product:** ATEmix: 16.12 mg/l

Repeated dose toxicity

Product: No data available.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 90 d): >= 20,000 ppm(m) Oral

Experimental result, Key study



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Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle

LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 24 mg/m3 Inhalation Experimental

result, Key study

NOAEL (Rabbit(Female, Male), Dermal): 1,000 mg/kg Dermal Experimental

result, Key study

Ethanol, 2-(2butoxyethoxy)- NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 90 d): 250 mg/kg Oral Experimental

result. Kev study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Dermal, 13 Weeks); > 2,000 mg/kg Dermal

Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 90 - 120 d): 14 ppm(m) Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation **Propane** 

Experimental result. Key study

LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

Butane LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 12,000 ppm(m) Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, >= 28 d): 4,000 ppm(m) Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): > 980 mg/m3 Inhalation

Experimental result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Dermal, 13 Weeks): >= 2,000 mg/kg Dermal

Experimental result, Key study

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

naphthenic

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)

in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle

in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

Ethanol, 2-(2butoxyethoxy)- in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Supporting study

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

naphthenic

in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)

Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating

Distillates (petroleum),

Rabbit, 24 hrs: Not irritating

hydrotreated middle

Ethanol, 2-(2-Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Highly irritating

butoxyethoxy)-

Distillates (petroleum), Rabbit, 48 hrs: Not irritating

hydrotreated heavy

naphthenic

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product: No data available.

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Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

(petroleum)

Distillates (petroleum), Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

hydrotreated middle

Ethanol, 2-(2- Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

butoxyethoxy)-

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

naphthenic

Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising

Carcinogenicity

**Product:** No data available.

# IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

No carcinogenic components identified

# **US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:**

No carcinogenic components identified

# US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified

# **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

In vitro

**Product:** No data available.

In vivo

**Product:** No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Product:** No data available.

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

**Product:** No data available.

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

**Product:** No data available.

**Aspiration Hazard** 

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

(petroleum)

Naphtha (petroleum),

heavy alkylate

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other effects: No data available.

# 12. Ecological information

# **Ecotoxicity:**

#### Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

**Fish** 

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): >= 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key

(petroleum) study



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Ethanol, 2-(2- LC 50 (Lepomis macrochirus, 96 h): 1,300 mg/l Experimental result, Key

butoxyethoxy)- stud

LC 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): 2,400 mg/l Experimental result,

Supporting study

Propane LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Butane LC 50 (Various, 96 h): 147.54 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

LL 50 (Pimephales promelas, 96 h): > 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

naphthenic

**Aquatic Invertebrates** 

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)

NOAEL (Daphnia magna, 48 h): >= 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-

LC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): +/- 1,743 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting

study

Butane LC 50 (Daphnia sp., 48 h): 69.43 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): > 10,000 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Daphnia magna, 48 h): >= 10,000 mg/l Experimental result, Key

study

# Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)

NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): >= 1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting

study

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic NOAEL (Oncorhynchus mykiss): >= 1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting study

**Aquatic Invertebrates** 

**Product:** No data available.

Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)

NOAEL (Daphnia magna): >= 1,000 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Supporting study

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic NOAEL (Daphnia magna): 10 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

**Toxicity to Aquatic Plants** 

**Product:** No data available.

# **Persistence and Degradability**

Biodegradation

**Product:** No data available.



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Specified substance(s):

White mineral oil (petroleum)

31 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across from supporting substance

(structural analogue or surrogate), Supporting study

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle

41.96 % Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-

85 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Propane 100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

50 % (3.19 d) Detected in water. QSAR, Weight of Evidence study

Butane 100 % (385.5 h) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

31 % (28 d) Detected in water. Read-across based on grouping of

vy substances (category approach), Supporting study

2 - 4 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study

**BOD/COD Ratio** 

naphthenic

**Product:** No data available.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)** 

**Product:** No data available.

Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

**Product:** No data available.

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments

White mineral oil (petroleum)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle
Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate
Propane
Butane
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic
No data available.

Other adverse effects: No data available.

#### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions:** Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local

laws.

**Contaminated Packaging:** No data available.



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# 14. Transport information

#### DOT

UN Number: UN 1950

UN Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: 2.1
Label(s): Packing Group: II
Marine Pollutant: No

Environmental Hazards: No Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

**IMDG** 

UN Number: UN 1950

UN Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es)

Class: 2 Label(s): –

EmS No.:

Packing Group: -

Environmental Hazards: No Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

**IATA** 

UN Number: UN 1950

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable

Transport Hazard Class(es):

Class: 2.1
Label(s): 
Packing Group: -

Environmental Hazards: No Marine Pollutant No

Special precautions for user: Not regulated.

# 15. Regulatory information

# **US Federal Regulations**

Restrictions on use: Not known.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

<u>Chemical Identity</u> <u>Reportable quantity</u>

Propane lbs. 100 Butane lbs. 100



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# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

# Hazard categories

Fire Hazard

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards

Flammable aerosol

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Aspiration Hazard

# SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

# SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

Chemical Identity Reportable quantity

Ethanol, 2-(2-

butoxyethoxy)-

Propane lbs. 100 Butane lbs. 100

# SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

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	Threshold Planning
Chemical Identity	Quantity
White mineral oil (petroleum)	10000 lbs
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	10000 lbs
Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	10000 lbs
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	10000 lbs
Propane	10000 lbs
Butane	10000 lbs
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	10000 lbs
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	10000 lbs
Molybdenum sulfide (MoS2)	10000 lbs
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	10000 lbs
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic	10000 lbs

# SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

	<u>Reporting</u>	Reporting threshold for
	threshold for	manufacturing and
Chemical Identity	other users	processing
Ethanol, 2-(2-	N230 lbs	N230 lbs.
butoxyethoxy)-		

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

# Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3) US State Regulations

# **US.** California Proposition 65

No ingredient requiring a warning under CA Prop 65.

# US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act Chemical Identity

White mineral oil (petroleum)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle

Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-

Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate

Propane

Butane

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic

# US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

**Chemical Identity** 

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic



Revision Date: 04/23/2020

# US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances Chemical Identity

White mineral oil (petroleum)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle
Ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate
Propane
Butane

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

#### International regulations

# Montreal protocol

Not applicable

#### Stockholm convention

Not applicable

#### **Rotterdam convention**

Not applicable

# **Kyoto protocol**

Not applicable

# **Inventory Status:**

Australia AICS: On or in compliance with the inventory

Canada DSL Inventory List:

On or in compliance with the inventory

EINECS, ELINCS or NLP: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Japan (ENCS) List: Not in compliance with the inventory.

China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:

On or in compliance with the inventory

Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI): Not in compliance with the inventory.

Canada NDSL Inventory: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Philippines PICCS: On or in compliance with the inventory

US TSCA Inventory: On or in compliance with the inventory

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:

On or in compliance with the inventory

Japan ISHL Listing: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Mexico INSQ: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Ontario Inventory: Not in compliance with the inventory.

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory:

On or in compliance with the inventory



Revision Date: 04/23/2020

# 16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue Date:** 04/23/2020

**Revision Information:** No data available.

Version #: 1.0

Further Information: No data available.

**Disclaimer:** This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to

be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.